GOVERNMENT OF ABIA STATE OF NIGERIA IN THE SMALL CLAIMS COURT OF ABIA STATE HOLDEN AT UMUAHIA

BEFORE HIS WORSHIP MARY UKEJE EMENIKE (MRS) CHIEF MAG. GD. 1 ON THIS FRIDAY THE 9TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 2024.

CLAIM NO: U/SCC/01/2024

UKAEGBU ENYINNAYA DANIEL - CLAIMANT

VS.

MR. AKACHUKWU ONUHUKA - DEFENDANTS

CHUKWUMA PASCAL ANYANWU

APPEARANCES: Parties are self represented.

COURT: Judgment

The Claimant is claiming the sum of \$\frac{\text{N}}{350,000.00}\$ (Three Hundred and Fifty Thousand Naira) Only being the market price of the stud puppy the defendant supposed to give him as agreed in their contract of his male dog crossing the 1st defendant's female dog.

The summons was filed on the 4/1/2024 and same was served on the Defendants. Affidavit of Service is filed at page 13 of the Courts file. The Defendants responded by filing their defence to the Claimants claim. The Defendants on the 11/1/2024 pleaded not liable to the one arm claim of the Claimants claim. On the same date the Claimant open his case and testify as PW1. The evidence of the Claimant can be summarized thus:

That on 22/8/2023, the 2nd defendant who has been his fellow dog breeder over the years called him and told him that he is coming to the Claimants house to access the male Caucasian dog of the Claimant for crossing with a female dog. The Claimant accepted and the 2nd Defendant went to the Claimants house with the 1st defendant who is the owner of the female dog. After accessing the male dog, he told him the terms and conditions in the crossing of the female dog they will be coming with and they agreed and the 2nd defendant said he should bring down the price and at the end of the bargaining they agreed for ¥10,000.00 (Ten Thousand Naira) only and one stud puppy. He went on to say that why he agreed for ¥10,000.00 was that the defendants will be coming with two female dogs. That

he did the first crossing of the dogs with the help of the 2nd Defendant. That after crossing the 1st female dog, he was contacted again for the 2nd female dog. He further testified that the 2nd Defendant said he will not be around to assist in the crossing of the 2nd dog and asked him to call a fellow breeder which he called the 2nd Defendant who assisted him in crossing the 2nd female dog. He stated that one dog had miscarriage while the 2nd dog gave birth. That he sent a voice note to the 2nd Defendant asking him that his dog has put to birth why haven't he called him to come and see the puppies so he can make his choice of a stud puppy. That the 1st defendant refused giving him a stud puppy claiming that the \mathbb{H}10,000.00 he paid him was a pay off. That he called the 2nd Defendant and complained and the 2nd Defendant agreed with him that the contract they had was for the Claimant to be paid \mathbb{H}10,000.00 with a stud puppy. That he is claiming the sum of \mathbb{H}350,000.00 being the money he would have sold the puppy if the 2nd defendant had given him the stud puppy and that is the profit for the crossing of the dog.

PW1 was cross examined on the 18/1/2024 by the 1st defendant. Under cross examination, PW1 said the 1st defendants dog was crossed twice in a space of 4 days by his own dog with the assistance of PW2 and that the 2nd Defendant is aware of it and that there was no unfinished business with the 1st Defendant until the last day the dog will deliver and he will take his stud puppy. That he was not part of any negotiation with the 1st defendant to take the dog elsewhere for crossing rather than to his house which the 1st defendant later came.

CROSS EXAMINATION OF PW1

The 2nd defendant said he did not have any question for the Claimant as cross examination.

The Claimants witness testified as PW2 and gave his name as Mr. Ogimgbu Favour Isaac Chukwuemeka. His evidence was that on the 2nd day of the crossing, the Claimant called him and asked him to come and assist him cross a female dog and he went and met the 1st defendant. On that day, the Claimant told him that he will be the one to assist him in crossing the female dog and that he heard when the 1st defendant said he had taken the dog to another place for crossing but the male couldn't perform and he also heard when the Claimant asked him that he believes the 1st Defendant has settled everything with the person he took his dog to for crossing. And that the 1st Defendant responded that he has settled with the man and he also heard when the Claimant told the 1st defendant that he hope the 1st defendant did not discuss any one puppy with the man and the 1st defendant responded by saying that he has settled everything and he is not giving that man any puppy and the claimant added by saying to the 1st defendant that that means

the puppy belongs to him and the 1st defendant said yes. And after the discussion, they started crossing the dog.

PW2 was immediately crossed examined by the 1st Defendant and under cross examination, PW2 said he was there when the Claimant and the 1st defendant agreed on crossing the 2nd dog. He also said that he was there when the 1st Defendant said the 1st place he took his female dog to for crossing, the male dog couldn't perform and that was why he had to bring his female dog to the Claimant's dog for crossing.

CROSS EXAMINATION OF PW2

The second defendant said he did not have any question for PW2 as cross examination.

The 1st defendant gave his evidence in chief as DW1. His evidence can be summarized thus: that the Claimants dog crossed the 1st female dog and that dog had a miscarriage. That the 2nd female dog, the 2nd defendant advised him not to use the same male dog which was that of the 1st defendant but he should take it to another person. That he took his female dog to another man agreed on Ten Thousand Naira and the man dog crossed his female dog once. That when they were about to go for the second time, they realized that the man had used his dog to cross a local dog and he refused using that dog because of infection and because of that, he went back to the Claimant to manage his dog for crossing as advised by the 2nd Defendant. That he asked the Claimant to complete the 2nd and 3rd time crossing because he wasn't convinced that the one time crossing by the other dog was enough to impregnate his dog. That the other man accepted ₩10,000.00 as pay off and the Claimant also accepted ₩10,000.00 as pay off. He also said he was there when the Claimants dog crossed his dog twice and that he does not know which crossing impregnated his dog and that he does not know anything about dog crossing and he further said that the dog he had a stud puppy agreement with the Claimant had a Miscarriage i.e. "did not enter".

DW1 was cross examined and under cross examination, DW1 said he called the Claimant to tell him that the 2nd female dog has delivered and the Claimant said he was going to see him in company of the 2nd Defendant but the 2nd defendant couldn't come along with the Claimant to see the dog and its puppies.

DW2 who is the 2nd defendant also gave his evidence and his evidence was that the 1st defendant called him and told him that his dog was on heat and both of them decided to look for a male dog and after several search, they ended up in the house of the Claimant and decided to use the Claimants male dog for the crossing. That the Claimant told them initial that it was N30,000.00, they argued and the price

came down to \$\frac{1}{2}\$10.000.00 with a puppy. That he assisted in the first crossing and after the first crossing, the money was paid to the Claimant. That the 2nd dog came on heat because of the time duration, himself and the 1st defendant, decided to look for another male dog that will do the 2nd crossing of the 2nd female dog and they ended up in a man's house in which they succeeded in crossing the 2nd female dog that first day. That when they went back the 2nd day to that man's house, it happened that the man's male dog has been used to cross a local dog and they decided to go back to the Claimant. On getting to the Claimants house, the 1st Defendant asked what can be done so that they won't be a fight or a quarrel as to who owns the puppy. The Claimant advised them that one mating is good to go. The 1st Defendant told the Claimant that he wants the Claimant to complete the mating process of three times for him. He went further to say that, that very day, they tried the crossing with the Claimants male dog but couldn't succeed and they had to go back another day but on the return date, he was not available because his own female dog was on heat and that he asked the 1st defendant to tell the Claimant to look for who will assist him and that was how PW2 was called.

Under cross examination of DW2 by the Claimant, DW2 said when the matter was reported to the President of Dog Breeders Association and the President called him that he told the President that what was agreed was \$\frac{\text{\text{N}}}{10,000.00}\$ with one stud puppy. DW2 admitted the voice note played in open court as his voice and all that was said.

DW2 was also cross examined by the 1st defendant and under the cross examination, DW2 maintained that the Claimant said he was going to collect the sum of N10,000.00 with a stud puppy.

From the evidence of the parties before me, the issues have been streamlined. This was an agreement of the 1st defendant to use the Claimants' male Caucasian dog to cross his dog and the 1st defendant was introduced to the claimant by the 2nd Defendant who is a dog breeder just like the Claimant. This agreement was for a consideration of the sum of \(\frac{1}{4}10,000.00\) with a stud puppy. The 1st defendant in his evidence in chief said a stud puppy was not part of his agreement with the Claimant that he agreed to pay the Claimant 10,000.00 as pay off without a stud puppy. I believe that there was an agreement, before the crossing began because in a contract like this there has to be a consensus ad idem. The issue in question now is a stud puppy and the Claimant is claiming the sum of \(\frac{1}{4}350,000.00\) as money he would have sold the stud puppy if the 1st defendant had given him the puppy. It now rest squarely on the Claimant to proof the existence of the term of the agreement between him and the 1st defendant as stated in the case of **Adedeji**

V Obajimi (2019) EJSC Vol. 106 pg 132 which the court held it is a matter of evidence.

All the witnesses testified that the agreement included a stud puppy and it is only the 1st defendant that said a stud puppy was not included in the terms of the agreement. I will agree with the 1st defendant evidence in Chief that he knows nothing about dog crossing and breeding and does not also know which dog impregnated his dog. I do not believe his evidence that a stud puppy was not part of the agreement. PW2 said he was present when the agreement was finalized before the crossing of the dog commenced. The 2nd Defendants role in this whole thing, was to introduce the 1st defendant to the Claimant and his evidence was that a stud puppy was part of what they agreed. I believe that the 1st defendant entered into the said agreement but he is very economical with the truth. I will not believe his evidence. The claimant has proved his case against the 1st defendant and not against the 2nd defendant who did no harm in introducing the 1st defendant to the Claimant. Accordingly, Judgment is entered in favour of the Claimant. The Defendant shall pay to the Claimant the sum of N350,000.00 as claimed by the Claimant. This is the judgment of the Court.

Signed His Worship Mary Ukeje Emenike (Mrs) Chief Mag. Gd. I. 9/02/2024

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY

AGBANYIM C.C. (MRS) Asst. Chief Registrar I